## Figure 2.7. China's Exports and Imports

Since the early 1980s, China's manufactured exports have become increasingly diversified, and their share of total world exports has increased in nearly all categories. In contrast, the importance of primary goods has dwindled. On the import side, China accounts for a large and rising share of world trade in many commodities.

## **Composition of Exports** (percent of total exports) 100 Miscellaneous products Chemicals and allied products 80 60 Light, textiles, rubber, iron, and minerals mfg. 40 Machinery and transportation equipment, incl. electronics 20 Primary goods 0 1980 92 2001 83 86 89 95 98 - Exports of Selected Goods 30 (percent of world trade in the good) \_ 25 Toys \_ \_ 20 Textiles - 15 - 10 Electronics Machinery - 5 2002 1987 90 93 96 99 Net Commodity Imports - 30 -\_ (percent of world trade in the commodity) - 25 \_ ..... 20 \_ Soybeans - 15 - 10 Copper Crude oil - 5 0

Sources: CEIC Data Company Limited; World Bank, WITS Database; and IMF staff calculations.

96

99

93

1987

90

2002 -5