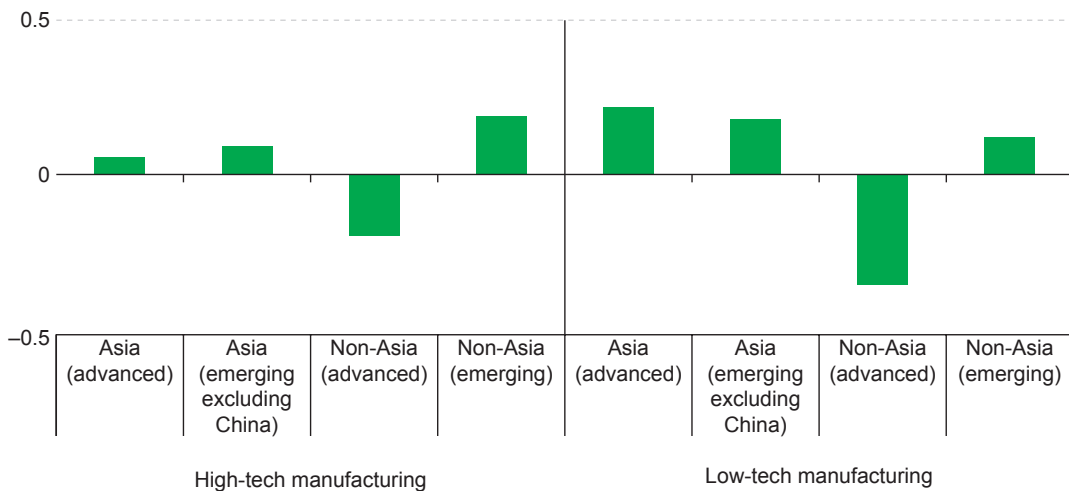


Figure 2.3

Domestic Value-Added Share in Global Value Added

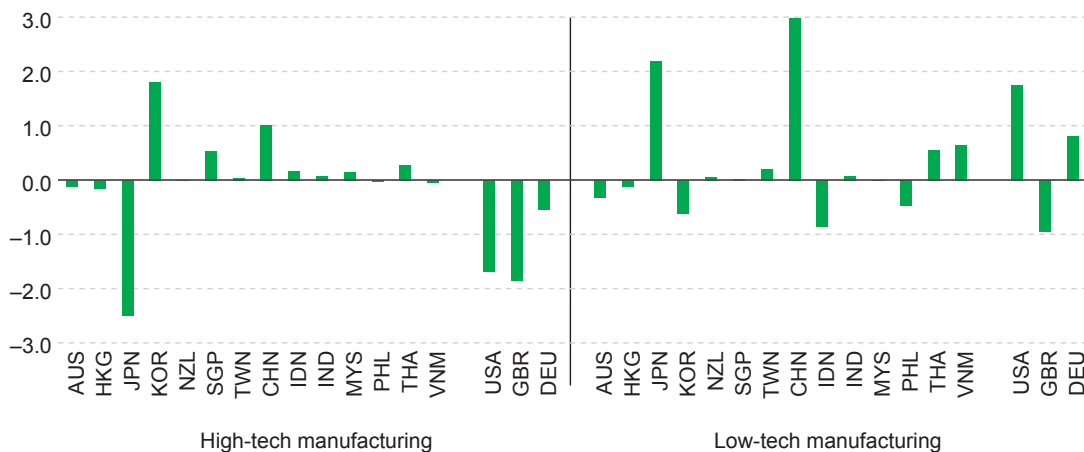
1. Domestic Value-Added Share by Industry: Change from 1995 to 2009

(Share in percent of world's DVA in the industry; adjusted for the GDP share)



2. Domestic Value-Added Share by Industry: Change from 1995 to 2009

(Share in percent of world's DVA in the industry; adjusted for the GDP share)



Sources: Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development and World Trade Organization, Trade in Value-Added database; and IMF staff estimates.

Note: DVA = domestic value added. High-tech manufacturing includes chemicals and nonmetallic mineral products, electrical and optical equipment, transportation equipment, machinery, and equipment not elsewhere classified. Low-tech manufacturing includes food products, beverages, and tobacco; textiles, textile products, leather, and footwear; wood, paper, paper products, printing, and publishing; basic metals and fabricated metal products; and manufacturing not elsewhere classified and recycling. DVA values are adjusted for the GDP share by taking the residual after regressing the DVA share on the GDP share. Countries are classified into advanced and emerging market economies based on IMF World Economic Outlook database classifications. Country abbreviations in panel 2 use the three-letter International Organization for Standardization country codes.