

# UN Global Pulse: Harnessing Big Data for a Revolution in Sustainable Development and Humanitarian Action

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## **Global Pulse**

Vision: Big Data harnessed responsibly as a public good

**Mission:** Accelerate discovery and adoption of big data

innovation for sustainable development and

humanitarian action







Pulse Lab Jakarta
Est. 2012









## PULSE LABS: COLLABORATIVE BIG DATA INNOVATION









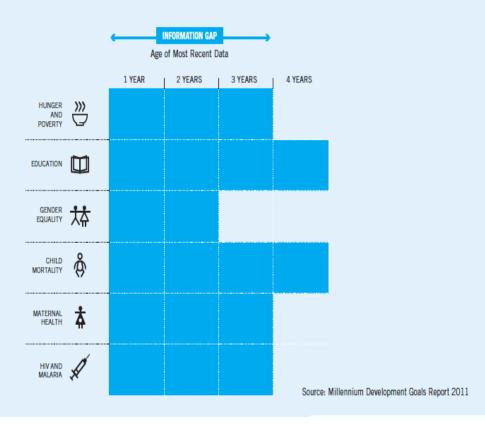
### Why do we need a data revolution?





#### The Information Gap

Household-level data is so hard to collect that the information being used to track development progress is frequently out of date. We know what happened in the past but not what's happening in the present. Real-time data could strengthen progress indicators by closing the information gap.

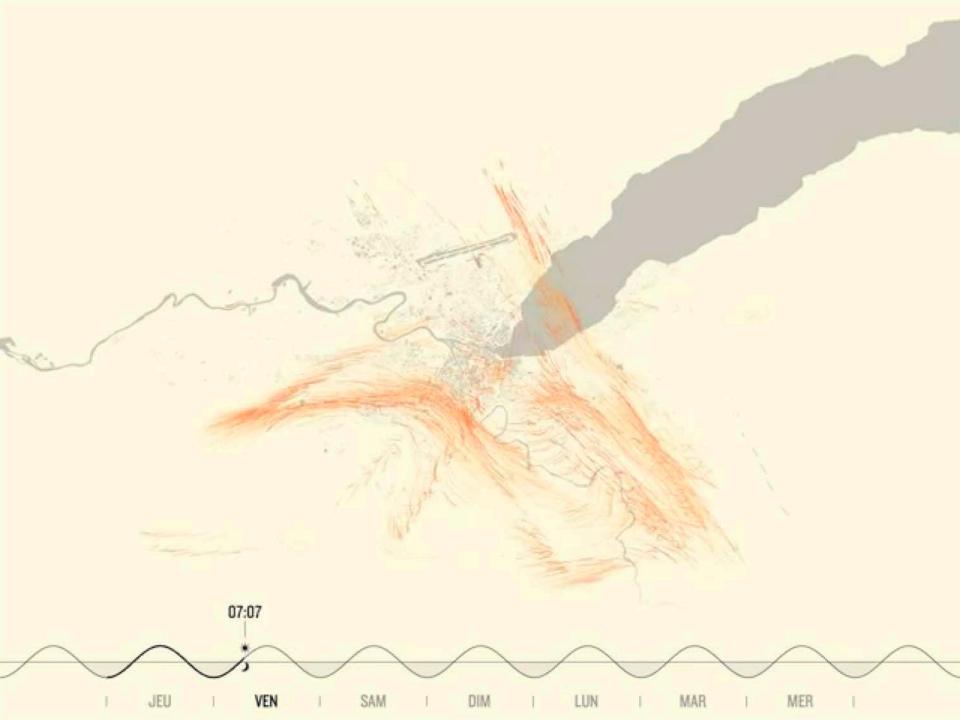




It is no longer enough to have processes designed for less disruptive times.









## Real-time analytics allows continuous observation of human behavior.

#### real-time...



Real-time isn't just faster. It's different.

#### continuous...



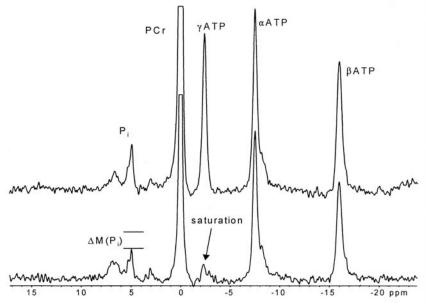
survey data



big data

### ...observation...





## **Hypothesis:**

## DIGITAL SERVICES ARE SENSOR NETWORKS FOR MEASURING HUMAN WELLBEING

## Data sources which reveal behavior change:

"What People Say"

Online news
Social media
Retail advertising
Radio & TV

"What People Do"

Online search
Mobile phone usage
Transaction records
Postal traffic



We never access the content of private communications

We never attempt to re-identify de-identified data

We ensure appropriate technical and administrative safeguards are in place to prevent unauthorized disclosure or breach of data

We access, analyze, store, transmit or otherwise use only data that has been lawfully and properly obtained from partners

We design, carry out, report and document our activities accurately, transparently and objectively

We employ even stricter standards of care while conducting research among vulnerable populations and persons at risk, children and young people

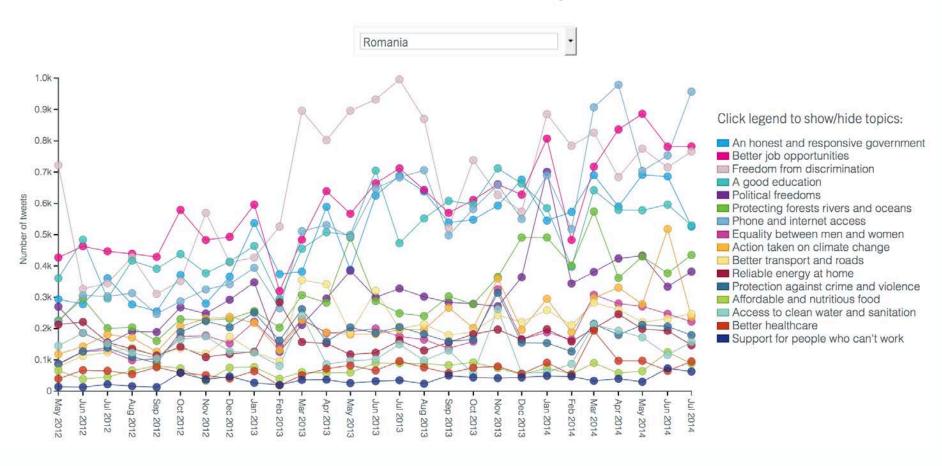
We perform due diligence when selecting data or service provider partners and ensure their activities comply with the United Nations' global mandate

We ensure that our research partners are acting in compliance with relevant law and privacy and data protection standards



## **Global Post2015 Dashboard**

#### Trends: Number of tweets per month



## Climate monitoring dashboard



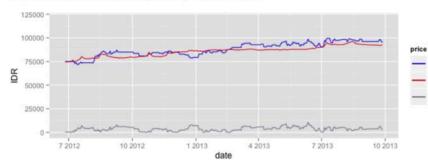
**Program:** Food & Agriculture

Project: Nowcasting food prices via Indonesian Twitter

Partners: WFP, BAPPENAS, University of Seoul

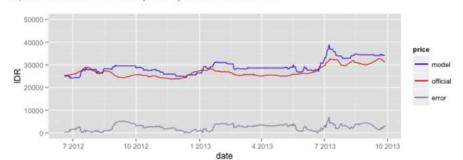
**BEEF:** The official beef price was relatively stable for the timeframe analysed, and the long-term price trend was accurately modeled (nowcasted prices remained close to real prices throughout the timeframe).

14,473 tweets contained price quotes on beef.



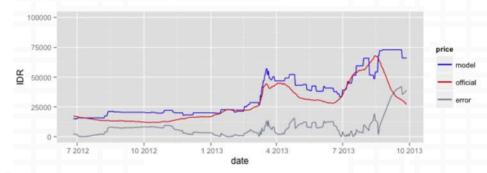
**CHICKEN:** The tool successfully modeled the price of chicken ("daging ayam") with significant correlation for the duration.

5,223 tweets contained price quotes on chicken.



**ONION:** Onion ("bawang") fluctuated the most of the four commodities. The model effectively tracked price variation around April 2013, but due to the low number of tweets containing price quotes in August did not provide a successful price proxy.

1,954 tweets contained price quotes on onions.



COMMODITY	PEARSON CORRELATION COEFFICIENT		
Beef	0.87		
Chicken	0.81		
Onion	0.85		

http://www.unglobalpulse.org/nowcasting-food-prices

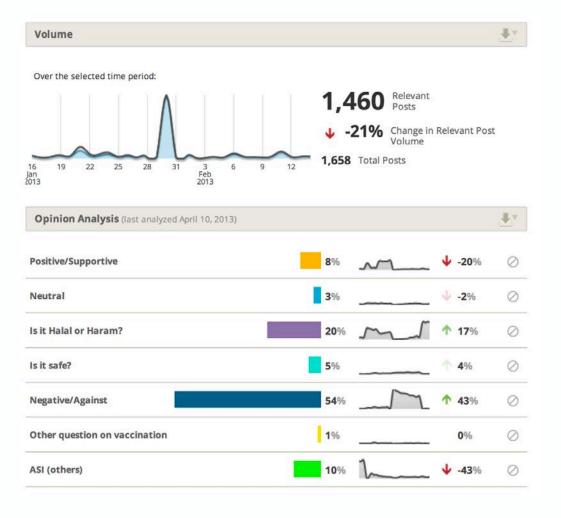
**Program: Public Health** 

Project: Perceptions of Vaccination in Indonesia

**Partners:** Ministry of Health, WHO, UNICEF

**Product:** Real-time map and trends in Twitter user sentiment

toward vaccination and disease risk

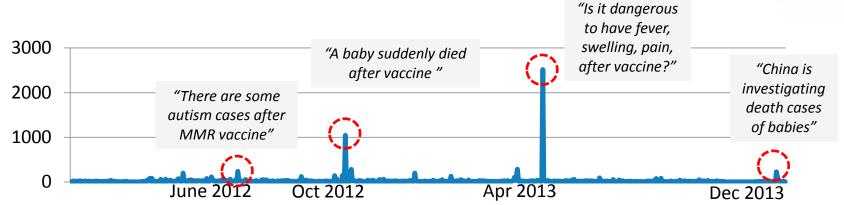






## SITUATIONAL AWARENESS – IMMUNIZATION DISCUSSION IN INDONESIA





Rank	2012-06-20	2012-10-08	2013-04-28	2013-12-23
1	Autism (213)	Death(1030)	Fever (1498)	Death (224)
2	Death (5)	Fever (14)	Swelling (1494)	Fever (3)
3	Sick (4)	Sick (4)	Pain (1491)	Crying (1)
4	Fever (2)	Crying (3)	Autism (1011)	Autism (1)
5	Crying (1)	Fever (3)	Fever (4)	-

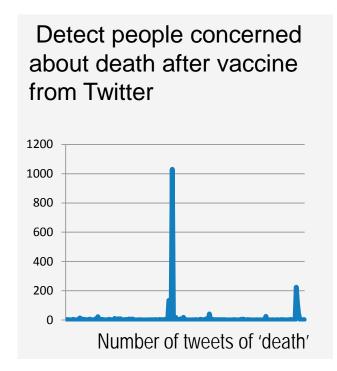
Monitoring a few keywords in digital media allows to understand up-to-date situation in real-time; an addition to existing MoH media monitoring for immediate action

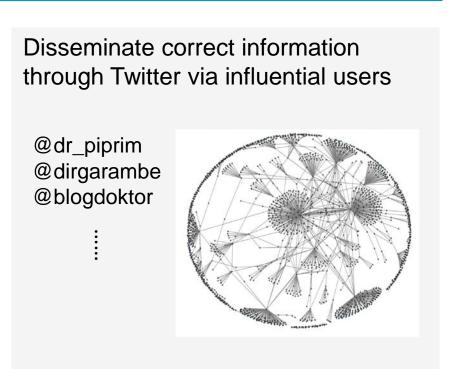
#### **EARLY WARNING AND RAPID RESPONSE**



#### **Early warning**

#### Rapid response with actionable plan



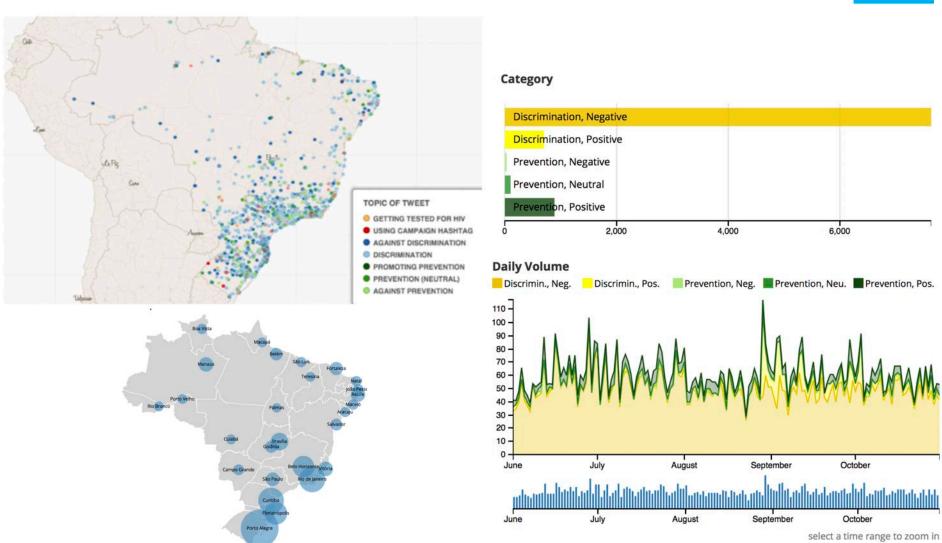


Program: Public Health

Project: HIV Risk Awareness at the World Cup

Partners: UNAIDS



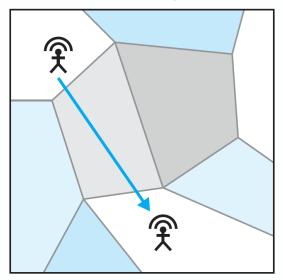


### **Call Detail Records**

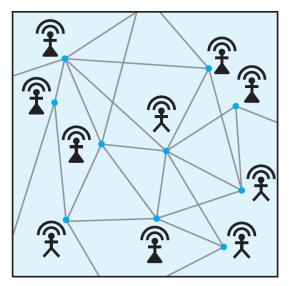
#### **CDR Format:**

CALLER ID	CALLER CELL TOWER LOCATION	RECIPIENT PHONE NUMBER	RECIPIENT CELL TOWER LOCATION	CALL TIME	CALL DURATION
X76VG588RLPQ	2°24' 22.14", 35°49' 56.54"	A81UTC93KK52		2013-11- 07T15:15:00	01:12:02

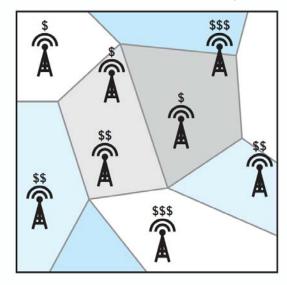
#### Mobility



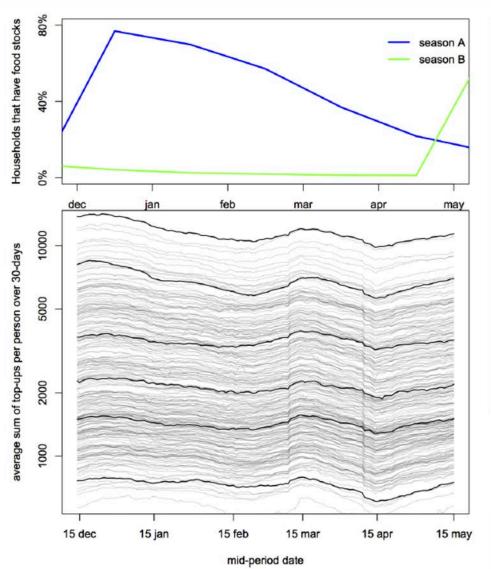
#### **Social Interaction**



#### **Economic Activity**



## Real-time Estimation of Household Food Expenditures Using Anonymized Mobile Phone Airtime Expenditures



Name of variable (question: "how many times have you eaten [item] in the last 7 days?" (answers between 0 and 7))	Cor. sum
carrot, orange sweet potato (vitamin rich orange vegetables)	0.82
rice, wheat and other cereals	0.76
mandazi/chapatti/bread	0.76
sugar and sweets	0.70
flesh meat	0.69
eggs	0.59
orange coloured fruits	0.57
oil, fat, butter, ghee (including palm oil)	0.54
milk and milk products	0.50
organ meat	0.48
sorghum	0.43
ground nuts and seeds	0.37
other vegetables	0.35
fish	0.30
other fresh fruits	0.28
cooking banana	0.21
dark green leafy vegetables	0.18
beans, peas and other pulses	0.09
condiments	0.07
maize/ maize meal	0.04
other white roots and tubers	0.02
pumpkin, squash and other orange vegetables	0.01
cassava	-0.04
white sweet potato	-0.41

TABLE I
CORRELATION BETWEEN THE CONSUMPTION OF DIFFERENT TYPES OF
FOOD AND THE SUM OF AIRTIME EXPENSES.

**Program: Humanitarian Action** 

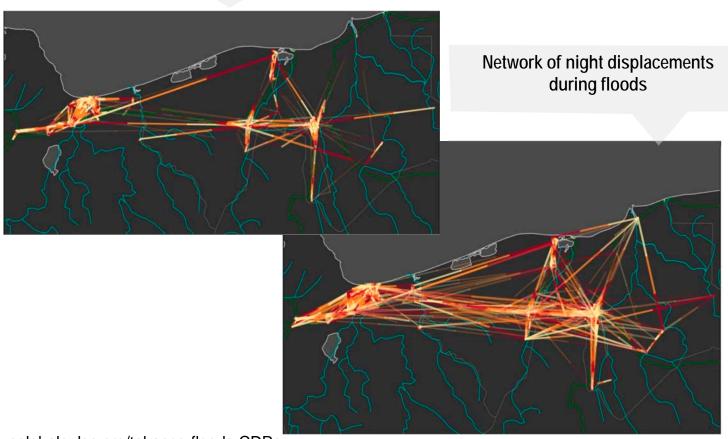
Project: Visualizing displacement due to floods via

mobile phone data

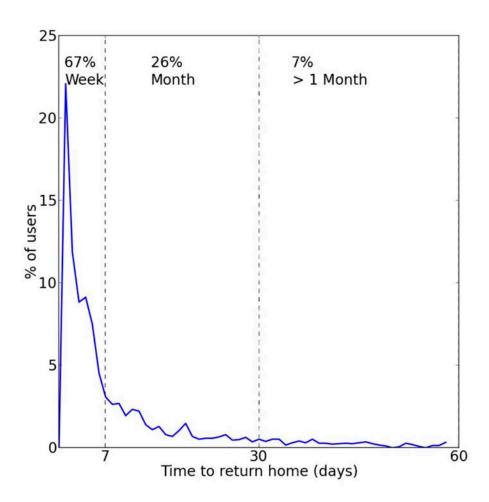
Partners: WFP, Polytechic University of Madrid, Telefonica Research



Control night (random)







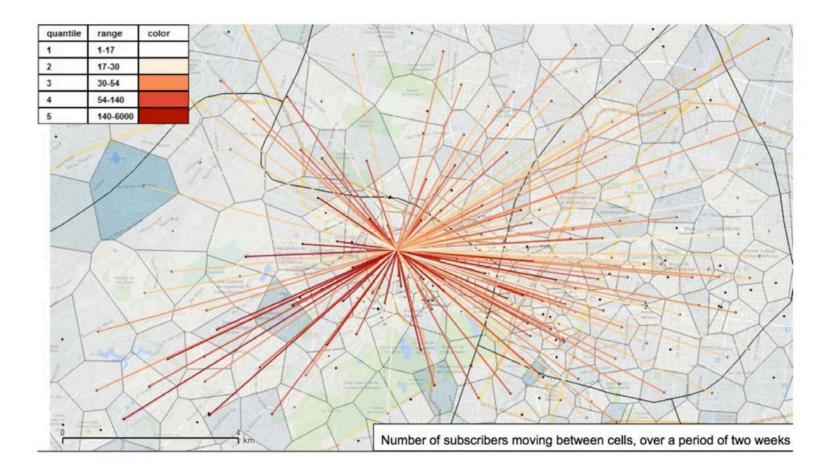
Program: Privacy

Project: Data privacy risk and the limits of decision

making

Partners: MIT

**Mapping movements:** Record which areas people move between by recording locations of successive calls



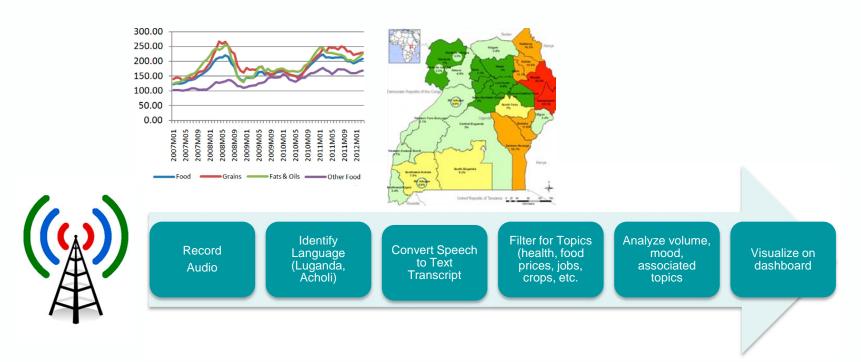
## **Speech-to-Text Radio Mining**

#### **Toolkit**

Speech-to-text engine + near real-time analysis of live public FM radio conversation in Uganda

#### **Features**

location, volume, mood, associated topics, anomaly detection



PARTNERS: Leiden University, Makerere University, Sheffield University

### **Postal Flows**









## **Big Data for Development: 3 Opportunities**

- 1. Enhanced Early Warning: Earlier detection of anomalies and events allows rapid response to crises.
- Real-Time Awareness: Real-time trend analysis of population activities and dynamics can inform the design and targeting of programmes and policies.
- 1. Real-time Evaluation: Real-time feedback from citizens, and measurement of behavior change, allows for adaptive course corrections in programmes and policies.



## Advantages of using big data



## New insights

New sources provide data historically unavailable, yielding new insights



## Cost of data collection

Digital systems
can be
significantly less
resource
intensive than
traditional
statistics



## Risk of data collection

Allows remote analysis, allowing data to be tracked in risky or unstable locations



## Speed of response

Response can significantly improve on lag in traditional statistics



## Adaptive execution

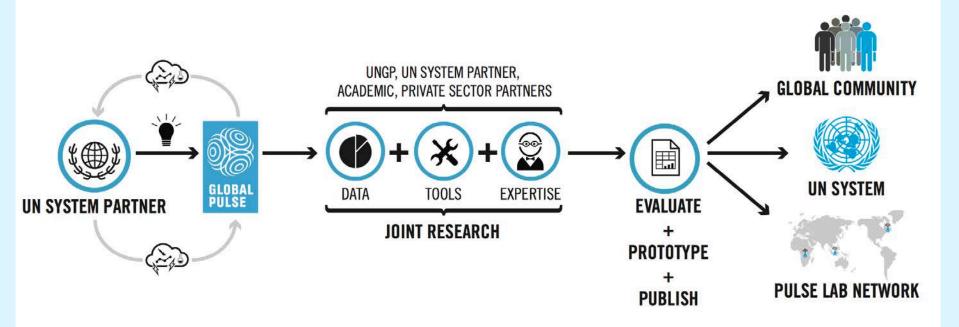
Continuous realtime feedback allows strategy to evolve with changing realities on the ground

## 2014-2015 Track 1 Innovation Programs

HUMANITARIAN CHANGE WELLBEING **ECONOMIC** DYNAMICS AGRICU **ACTION** FOOD & **URBAN** CONCEPT **INCUBATOR DATA ANALYTICS TOOLKITS DATA PRIVACY POST-2015 Text Mobile BASELINING GENDER Transactions** Speech **REAL-TIME EVALUATION** 



## INNOVATING TOGETHER: Typical cycle of a joint project





## INNOVATING TOGETHER: Typical cycle of a joint big data project

#### Conceptualization

Determine a topic for exploration based on a real need, question or data gap as articulated by a "domain expert."

Confirm availability of relevant data, technical expertise & partners.

### Phase I: Feasibility

Test whether there are any relevant "signals" in the data.

Assess the landscape to determine justification for moving to research phase.

#### Phase II: Research

Initiate
research to test
the hypothesis
("proof-ofconcept").
Often involves
comparing a
digital data
source against
official or
"groundtruth"
data for
comparison.

Generate Findings, develop and evaluate methodology

### Phase III: Prototype

Build or repurpose a real-time analytical software tool, based on method determined through proofof-concept.

#### Phase IV:

Implement the approach or tool in an operational setting



#### You Can't Do This Alone

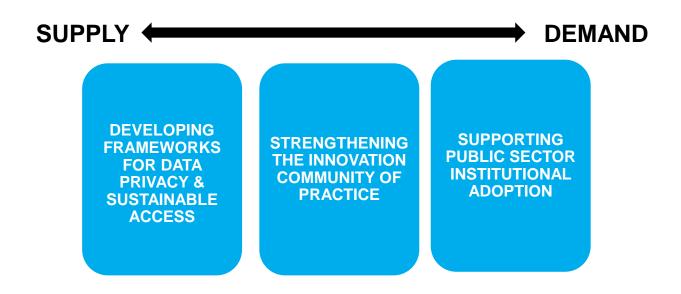
"Data philanthropy" – a new form of shared value corporate social responsibility in which private sector companies participate in making big data and real-time analytics available for social good.

Big Data Access	<ul> <li>Twitter</li> <li>Orange France Teleco</li> <li>Telenor</li> <li>Telefonica</li> <li>Real Impact</li> <li>Universal Postal Union</li> </ul>
Data Mining & Analysis Technologies	<ul> <li>Amazon Web Services (supercomputing)</li> <li>DataSift (data filtering)</li> <li>SAS (analytics &amp; data visualization)</li> <li>Crimson Hexagon (data analysis)</li> </ul>
Data Science Expertise	<ul> <li>Université catholique de Louvain</li> <li>Institut des Systèmes Complexes de Paris Ile-de-France</li> <li>Universidad Politécnica de Madrid</li> <li>Stockholm University</li> <li>Karolinska Institutet</li> <li>University of Sheffield</li> <li>Microsoft Research</li> <li>Google</li> </ul>





## Catalyzing the formation of a new information ecosystem





#### Washington, DC

Tuesday 10:00 AM Scattered Clouds



Precipitation: 0%

Humidity: 30%

Wind: 19 mph

Precipitation

Wind

Temperature

9	34	32	32	28	27	28	25
11 AM	2 PM	5 PM	8 PM	11 PM	2 AM	5 AM	8 AM
Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat	Sun	Mon	Tue
	<b>2</b>	<b>2</b>		-	2	-	-
36° 25°	37° 34°	46° 28°	37° 28°	50° 39°	66° 54°	66° 54°	61° 43°

## **Thank You!**

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