Nineteenth Meeting of the IMF Committee on Balance of Payments Statistics Frankfurt, Germany, October 23–26, 2006

Global Results of the Coordinated Portfolio Investment Survey

Prepared by the Statistics Department International Monetary Fund

Agenda

- The CPIS:
 - What
 - How
 - Coverage
 - SEFER and SSIO
- Data:
 - Global
 - Top-10

What is the CPIS?

- CPIS = Coordinated Portfolio Investment Survey
- Follows Balance of Payment definitions
- Only Portfolio Investments:
 - Equity (ownership less than 10 pct)
 - Debt Securities (spilt short- and long-term)
- Only holdings not flows
- Annually year end

What is collected?

- Participation countries report their holdings (assets):
 - All report non resident issuer (individual countries)
 - Most with instrument breakdown
 - Many with sector breakdown of holders
 - Few with currency breakdown
 - All with metadata
- IMF calculates liabilities for all countries (mirror)
- CPIS is unique because it is a from whom to whom statistics

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Coverage of CPIS

- Started in 1997, annually from 2001
- 70 countries:
 - All major industrialized countries
 - Most off-shore financial centers
 - Many emerging markets
 - Lacking most oil producing countries
 - Lacking a few Asian countries (notably China)
- Future improvements:
 - More timely publication
 - Expand country coverage

The Liability Side

- IMF derives liabilities for all countries not only participating countries (mirror)
- Here is SEFER included:
 - Survey of Securities held as Foreign Exchange Reserves
 - Covers Major investing countries
 - Published in aggregated form (not whom-to-whom)
- And SSIO:

 - Survey of Securities Held by International Organizations
 Not resident of country of location (i.e. missing from country data)
 - Published in aggregated form (not whom-to-whom)

















