

Ukrainian household sector analysis

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Overview

- Introduction
- Macroeconomic environment
- Household sector
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- Conclusions

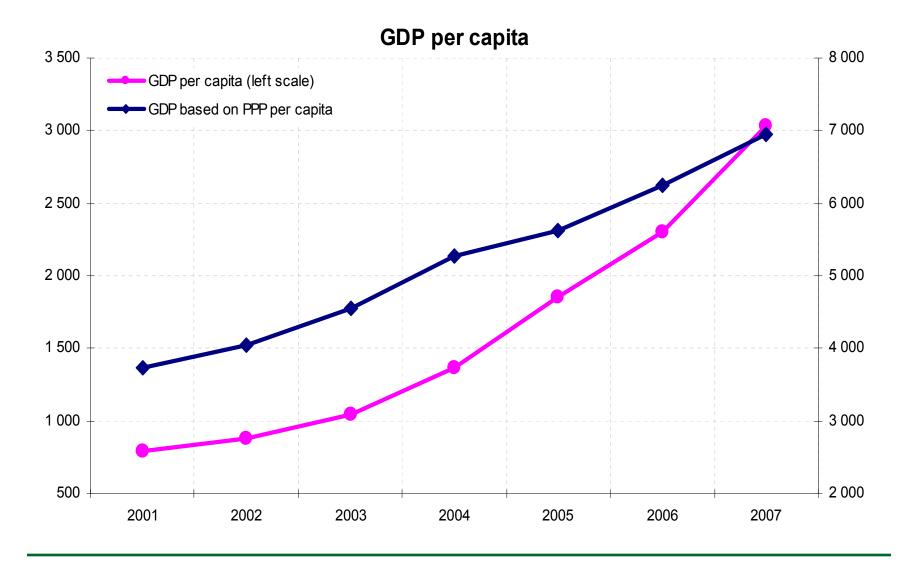
Introduction

- The topic is new and important for Ukraine
- "Financial stability monitoring" is internal document
- Core set and encouraged set of financial soundness indicators allocated in web-site of IMF

Main macroeconomic indicators

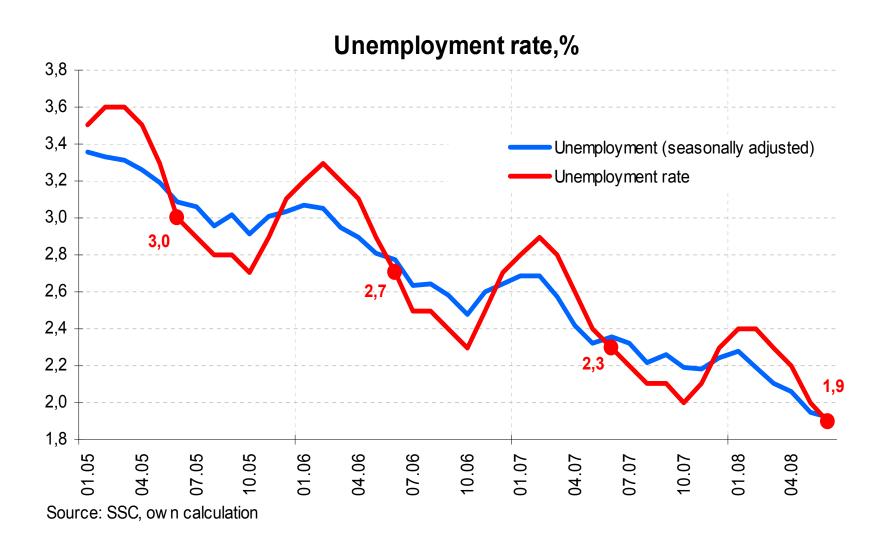
Indicators	2000-2007 Average
CPI, %	11.3
PPI, %	13.7
Real GDP, %	7.5
CAB, % to GDP	3.7
Export, % to GDP	54.7
Import, % to GDP	53.0
Budget deficit, % to GDP	0.7
Broad money, %	43.7
Exchange rate, UAH/USD	5.2
REER appreciation, %	1.8
Real wages, %	15.8

Household sector (1)

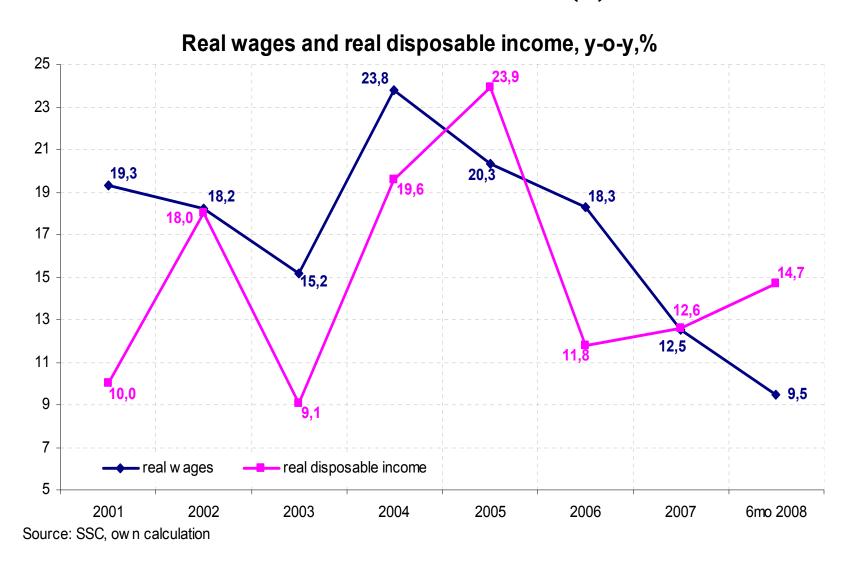


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Household sector (2)

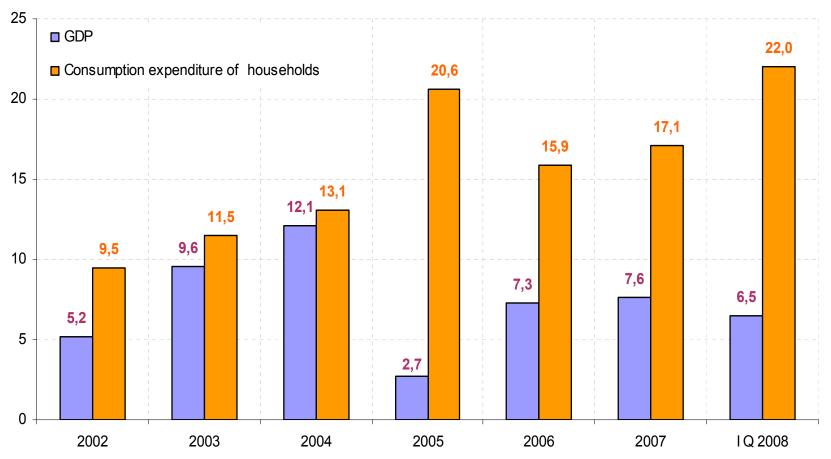


Household sector (3)

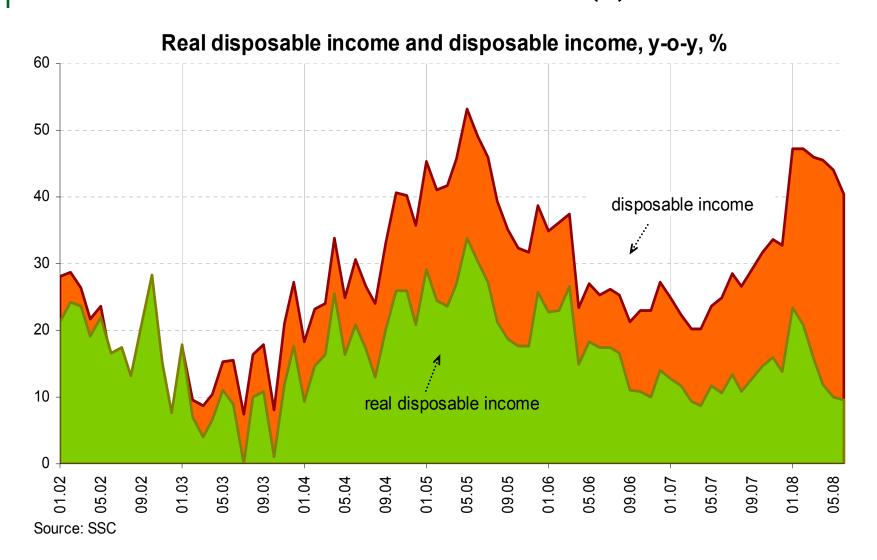


Household sector (4)

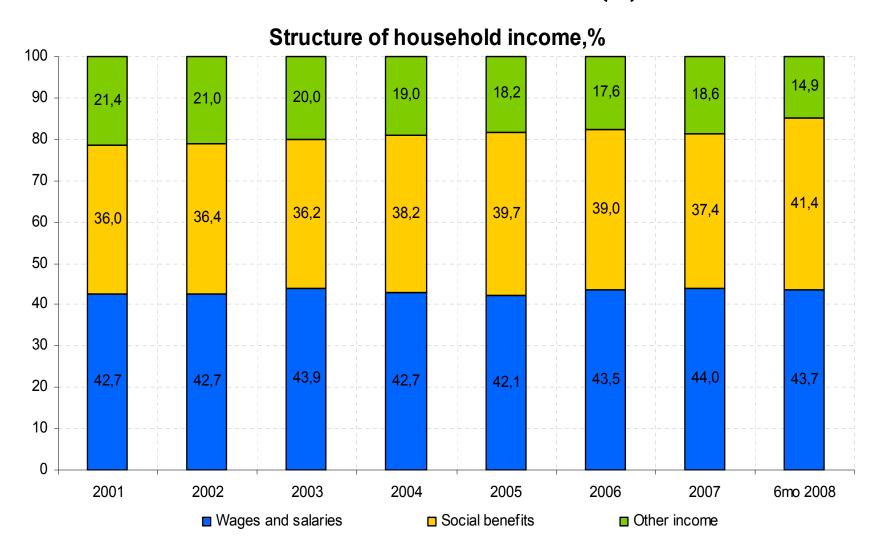
GDP and consumption expenditure of households, %



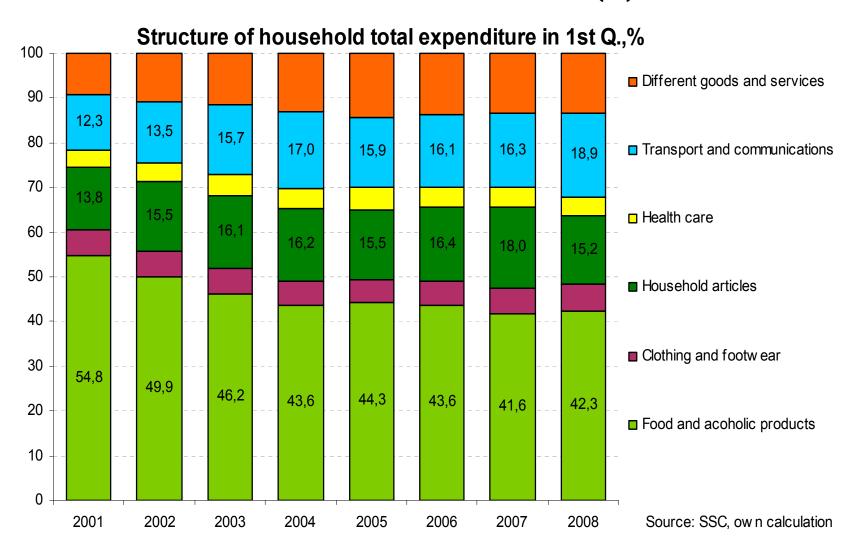
Household sector (5)



Household sector (6)



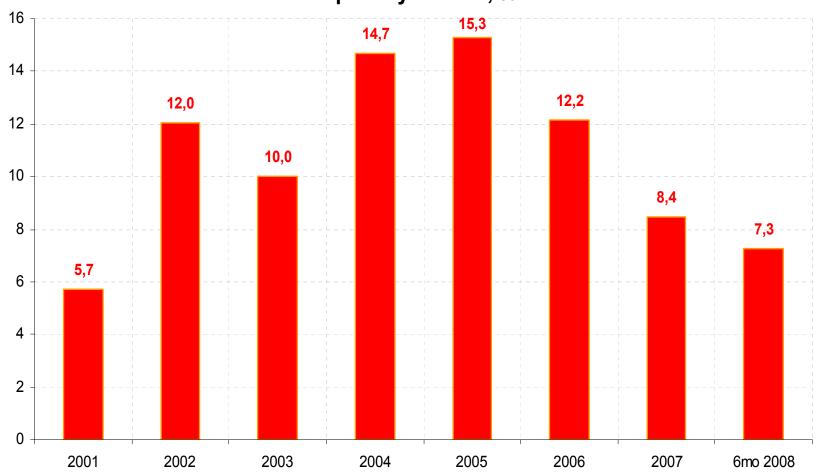
Household sector (7)



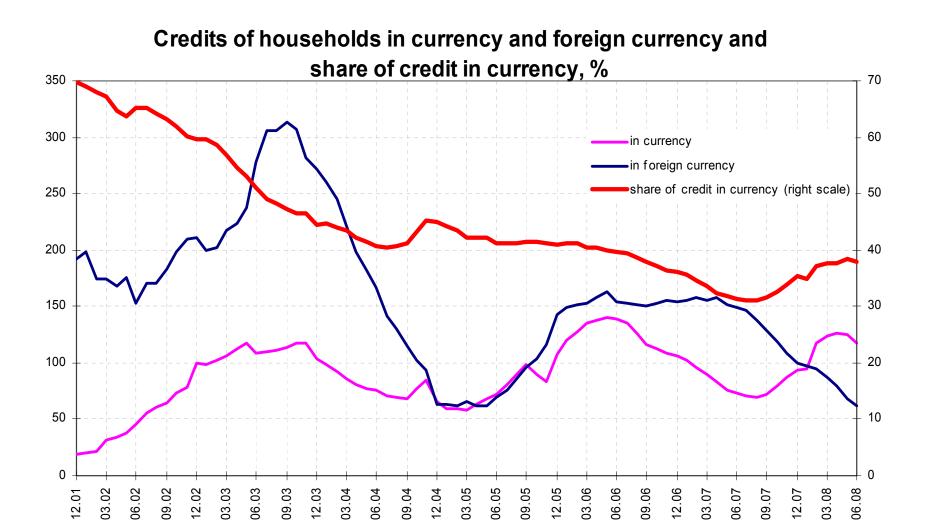
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Household sector (8)





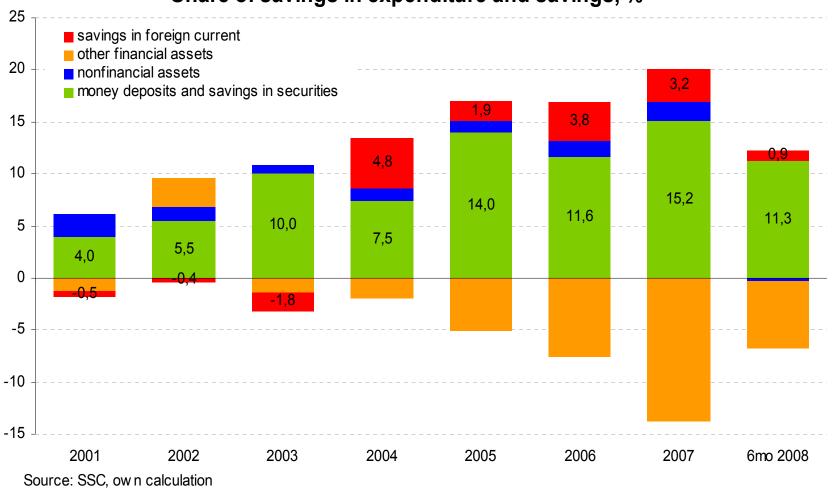
Household sector (9)



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Household sector (10)





Links

Financial Soundness Indicators (FSIs):

Data - Individual Economy Tables By Participant in CCE

Data for Ukraine

http://www.bank.gov.ua

http://imf.org/external/np/sta/fsi/part.asp?iso=UKR

Conclusions

- Macroeconomic environment is volatile and unstable but economy grows at a fast pace
- Volumes of crediting of households are considerable
- Labour productivity grows considerably slower, than the real disposable incomes
- Threat of growth of senior population particle