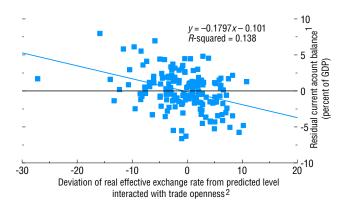
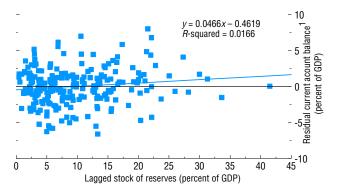
Figure 6.12. Residual Current Account Balance, **Deviation of Real Effective Exchange Rate from Predicted Level and Stock of Reserves** 

(Percent of GDP unless noted otherwise)

A low exchange rate and a high stock of reserves, possibly reflecting preferences for reserve accumulation, are associated with a higher residual current account balance.





Sources: IMF, Balance of Payments Statistics; IMF, International Financial Statistics; Lee and others (2008); and IMF staff calculations.

1 The residual current account balance is the unexplained current account balance once structural factors are accounted for, based on the regression in column e of Table 6.1.

2 Trade openness is measured as the ratio of the sum of exports and imports (adjusted

for trade in intermediates) to GDP.