

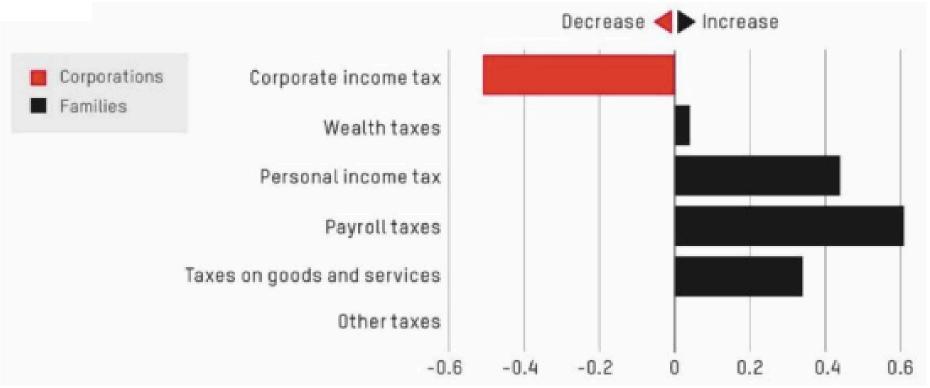
REFORMING THE INTERNATIONAL TAXATION SYSTEM

Susana Ruiz 14th April 2014



The new tax paradigm: Corporates paying less, burden shifting to families

Figure 2: Tax revenue change 2007–2015 (%GDP)



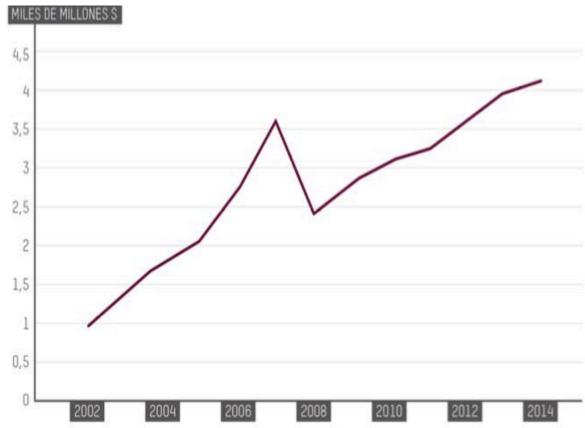
Oxfam calculations based on OECD data available for 35 OECD and 43 non-OECD countries (unweighted averages). 113 Axis figures represent pp — percentage points of GDP.



A phantom economy?

Global FDI to offshore centers - 2000 to 2015





8 major pass-through economies: (the Netherlands, Hong Kong, BVI, Bermuda, Cayman Islands, Ireland and Singapore) host MORE THAN 85% of global investment in special purpose entities, often set only for tax reasons



New business model, old problems Time for real solutions



- Tax challenges of digitalization not limited to specific business sectors
- But existing problems are exacerbated by digitalization
- Implementation of BEPS has left room for profit shifting and increased tax competition for real investment

Time for a historic reform One without the other will not make it

SHIFTING TAXING RIGHTS



MINIMUM TAX TBEP + IIR



Developing Countries need to act Together

