

Practical considerations in terms of cross border cooperation: Colleges of supervisors and Crisis Management Groups.

A European perspective.

1 – Introduction

The challenge :

some players are largely cross border either on a regional basis or on a more international scale.

The consequences :

an increase in the interconnectedness of banks and crisis on wider scale

The regulator's / supervisor's answer :

- > to adapt this situation, to create a cross border dialogue and monitoring
- The presentation will be articulated around two parts: colleges of supervisors, first, then the Crisis management groups.

2 – Colleges of supervisors

History :

- > BCCI (1991) Barings (1995) European directives and CEBS principles (2006)
- What did we built up ?
 - different format : extended / general colleges, core, regional (European)
- How does it work?
 - exchange of information
 - Common set of reporting
 - joint risk assesment
 - confidence building

Alternative :

Bilateral arrangements for mutual inspections.

3 – Crisis management groups (CMG)

Context:

- Too big to fail issue
- Key attributes FSB 2011 (updated in 2014)
- Bank Recovery and Resolution Directive (implemented in 2015): The goals. The regime (between supervision and liquidation). The institutions.

When it turns to practicalities :

- Recovery plan Resolution plan : what are they ?
- Recovery plan Resolution plan : who does them ?

The functioning of a CMG:

- size,
- exchange of information,
- confidence building.

Thank you for your attention

Questions?