

Statistical Data and Metadata eXchange

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New Use Cases for Reference Metadata Exchange with SDMX 3.0

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Types of Reference Metadata

- Metadata that is reported against structures
 - example collection methodology, accuracy, timeliness
- Metadata that travels closely to the Data
 - example footnotes

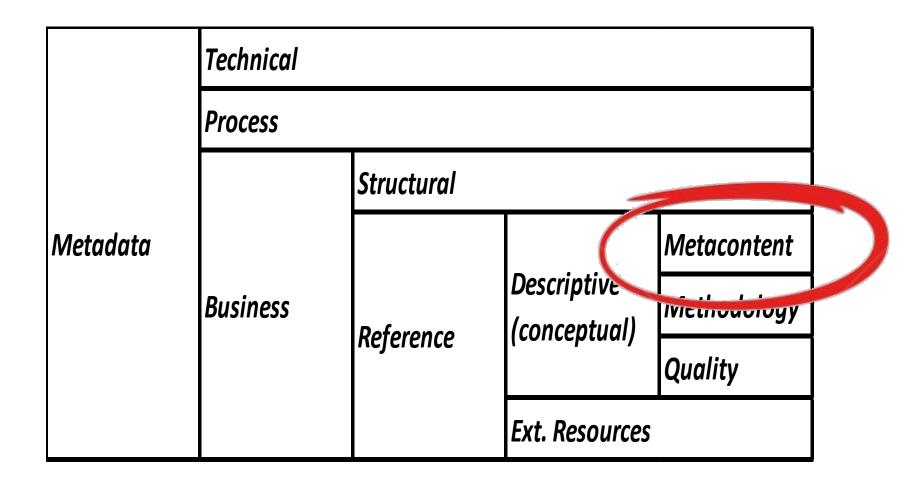


EMBEDDED METADATA

- Type 1 Continues to be described by the MSD
- Type 2 Described in the DSD that also describes the Data



Metadata classification





Statistical Metacontent

Business → Reference metadata → Descriptive metadata → Statistical metacontent

- Typical "data about data"
- Two classes of metacontent:
 - "Status information": Flags
 - Footnotes: controlled vocabulary (enumerated concepts) or free text
- Relevant for the interpretation of the data
 - Must be embedded and travel with the data
- Transformation:
 - "Operating" on notes for derived indicators
- Dissemination
 - How to display table's metadata, flags and footnotes

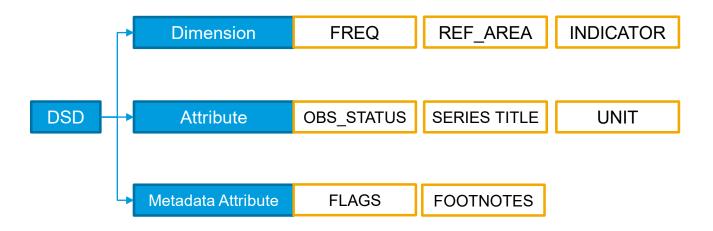


Metacontent in SDMX 2.1

- Using Reference metadata artefacts:
 - Not delivered with the data by default
 - Methodology and quality metadata is too verbose
 - Usually not maintained by whom, and at the time, the data is
 - Complicated linkage mechanism
 - Can't operate on them in transformations
- Using Attributes:
 - Can't avoid travelling with the data
 - Cardinality
 - Lack of hierarchical structure
 - Poor presentation capablities



The solution: Metadata Attributes





The solution: Metadata Attributes

- Hybrid solution, takes «the best of both worlds»
- Travel with the data by default
- Can be selectively removed from the data message (API)
- As part of the DSD are maintained together with the data
- Same attachment mechanism as traditional attributes
 - Observation, partial key, measure, etc.
- Allow multiple values per instance (cardinality issue)
- Presentation capabilities: html, hierarchy, multilingual
- Can be treated as normal attributes for transformations (VTL)

