



RUSSIA ECONOMIC OUTLOOK

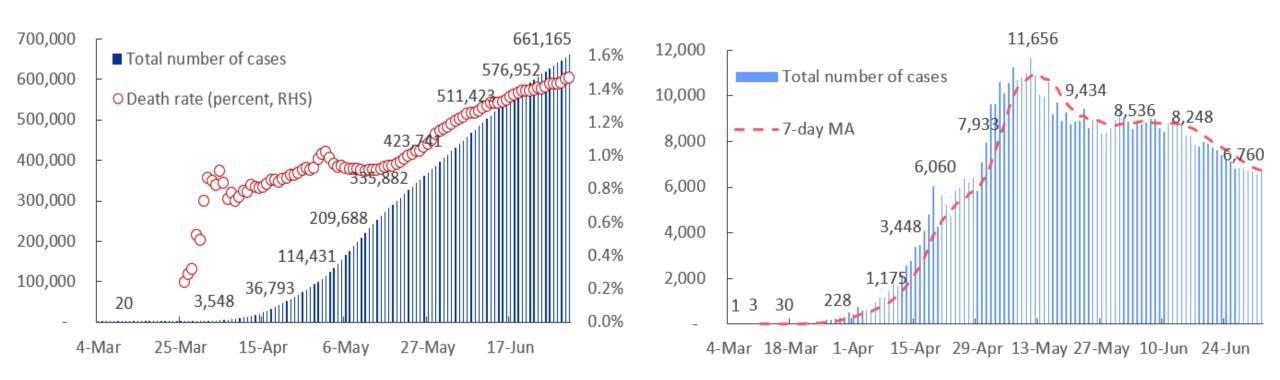
JULY 2020

Annette Kyobe Resident Representative Russian Federation

The first wave of COVID-19 seems to waning

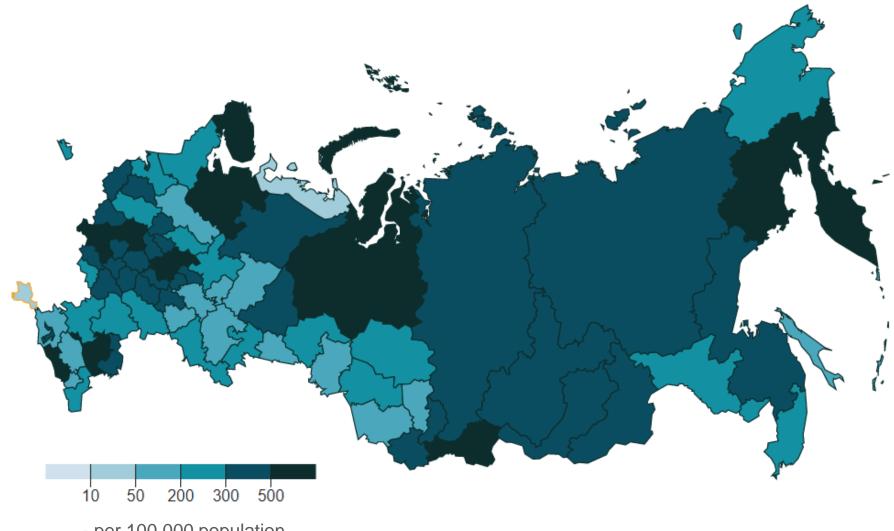


COVID-19 New Cases



Source: Official COVID internet resource for Russia.

The spread of pandemic differs across regions



Outlook

- per 100,000 population

Source: BBC.

Impact

Policies

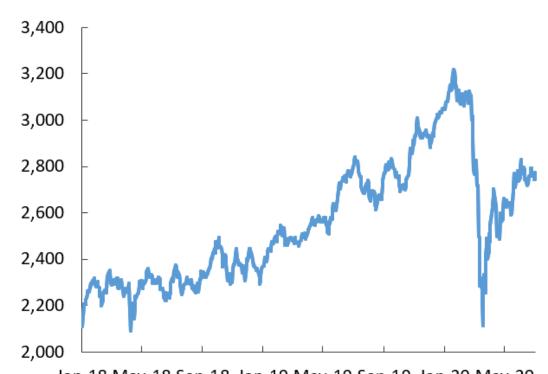
The pace of reopening is differentiated



Russia also hit by a decline in oil prices and financial market volatility

Urals price

(Rubles per barrel)

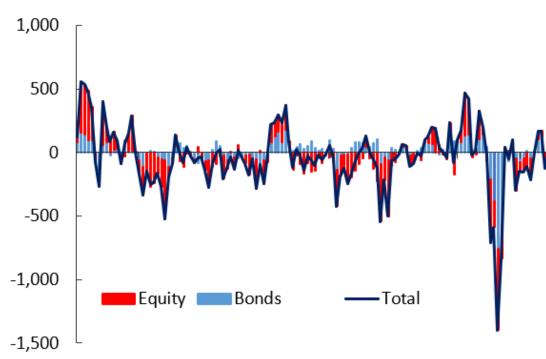


Jan-18 May-18 Sep-18 Jan-19 May-19 Sep-19 Jan-20 May-20

Sources: JHU Coronavirus Resource Center, Haver Analytics, EPFR Global.

Non-Resident Portfolio Flows

(Millions of U.S. dollars)



Jan-18 May-18 Sep-18 Jan-19 May-19 Sep-19 Jan-20 May-20

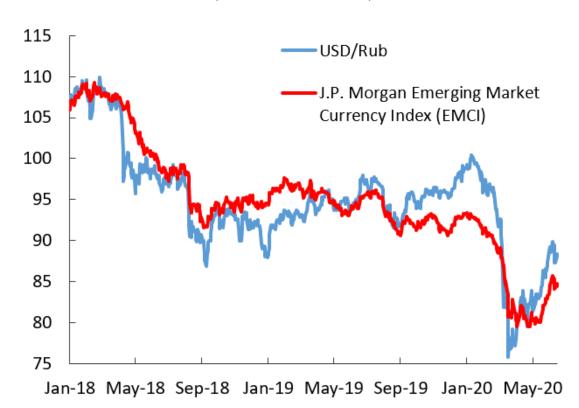
The credibility of the macro economic framework and sound economic fundamentals helped stabilize the economy

- Floating exchange rate
- High international reserves
- Balanced budget
- Fiscal rule and NWF
- Low government debt
- Resilient banking sector

Russia fared better than other EMs

Ruble vs. EM Exchange Rate Index

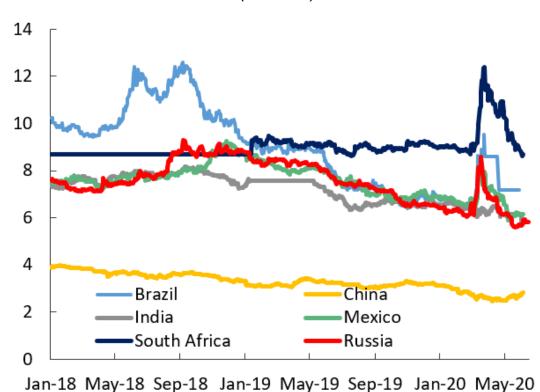
(Jan 2, 2017 = 100)



Source: Haver Analytics.

10-year Government Bond Yields

(Percent)

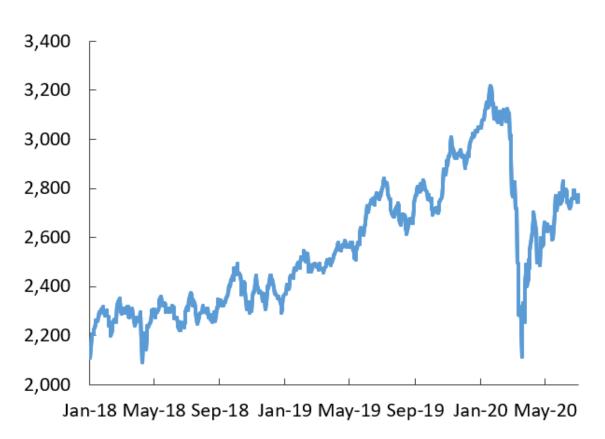


Policies

Source: Haver Analytics.

Equities and Eurobonds rebounded

Moscow Exchange Stock Index

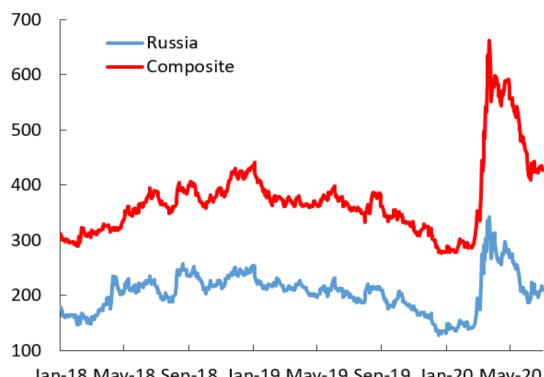


Impact

Source: Moscow Exchange.

EMBI+ Spread to U.S. Government Debt

(Basis points)



Jan-18 May-18 Sep-18 Jan-19 May-19 Sep-19 Jan-20 May-20

Source: JP Morgan.

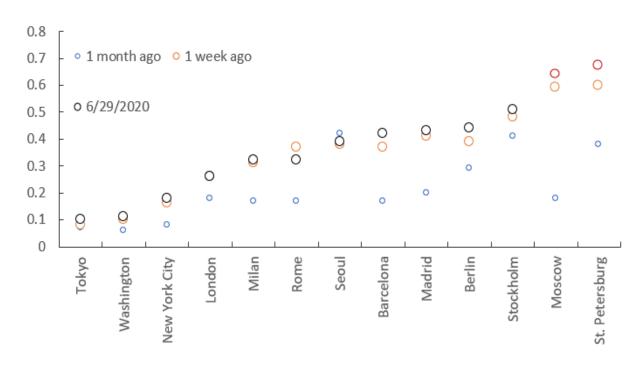
Outlook

Policies

Lockdown has eased and mobility indicators are showing a return to some semblance of normal

Citymapper Mobility Index

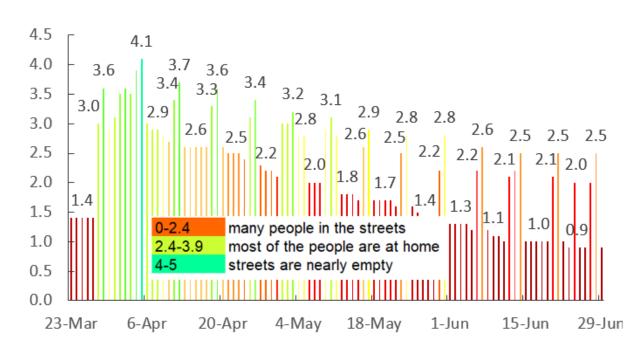
(trips planned vs. typical period)



Source: Citymapper.

Russia Yandex Self-Isolation Index

(for cities with population over 1 million)



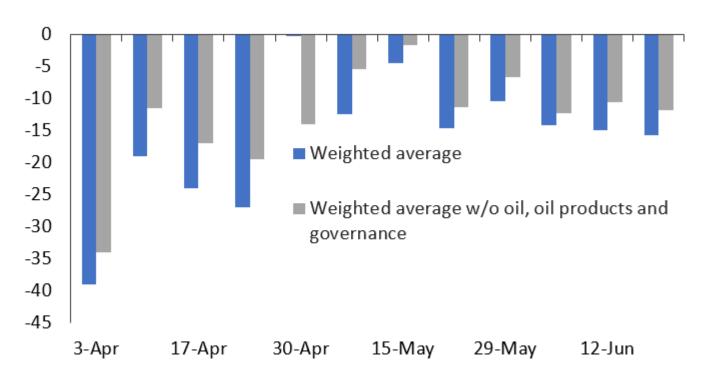
Source: Yandex.

Impact Outlook > Policies

Worst seems behind us—activity reached rock bottom and is recovering

Economic Activity: Incoming Payment Flows

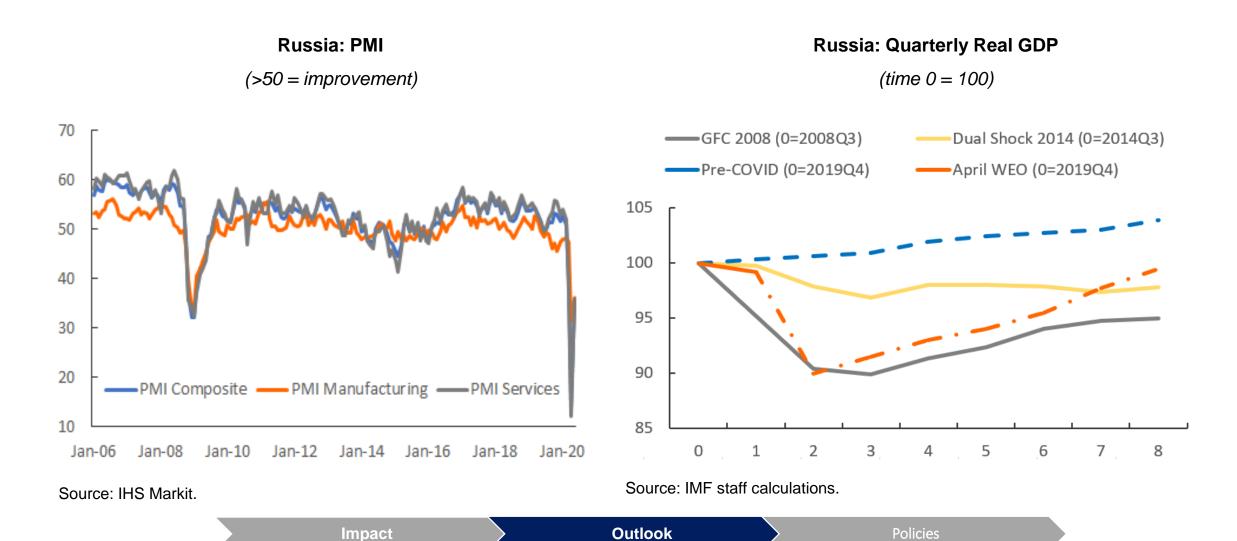
(Deviation from normal level, percent)



Sources: Bank of Russia and IMF staff calculations.

Impact Outlook Policies

Despite improved sentiment recovery will be gradual



The 2020 downturn is projected to be more severe than previously expected

Real GDP Growth Projections

(Year-over-year percent change)

	2019	2020 Apr	2020 June	2021
.	1.6		0.5	4.5
Europe	1.6	-6.6	-8.5	4.5
Advanced Europe	1.4	-7.3	-9.8	4.7
Euro area	1.2	-7.5	-10.2	4.7
Emerging Europe	2.1	-5.2	-5.8	4.2
Emerging Europe ex. Russia & Turkey	3.8	-5.0	-5.2	4.4
Russia	1.3	-5.5	-6.6	3.5
Turkey	0.9	-5.0	-5.0	5.0

Sources: Haver Analytics; IMF, World Economic Outlook; and IMF staff calculations.

Risks more balanced

- **Upside**—quicker reopening and more policy support
- **Downside**—epidemiology of COVID-19 and sanctions

Impact Outlook Policies

Policy support has been ramped up

Targeted policy measures Policy goals Minimum wage ↑ **Protecting** Unemployment benefit ↑ households Child allowance •Tax deferrals / direct support Protecting State guarantees companies •Wage loans Support to systemic enterprises Regulatory forbearance Ensuring •Refinancing of SME loans credit flow Loan restructuring programs Lower capital buffers

Macro policies

Fiscal policy

- Social spending
- Infrastructure spending
- Sectoral support
- Support to regional budgets

Monetary policy

- Liquidity support to banks
- Monetary easing
- FX sales

Impact Outlook Policies